

The question was taken; and (two-thirds having voted in favor thereof) the rules were suspended and the bill was passed.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

RECOGNIZING 100TH ANNIVERSARY OF FOUNDING OF INTERNATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF FISH AND WILDLIFE AGENCIES

Mr. HANSEN. Mr. Speaker, I move to suspend the rules and agree to the concurrent resolution (H. Con. Res. 419) requesting the President to issue a proclamation in observance of the 100th Anniversary of the founding of the International Association of Fish and Wildlife Agencies.

The Clerk read as follows:

H. CON. RES. 419

Whereas on September 17, 1902, when Theodore Roosevelt was President, 8 wildlife managers and game wardens from 6 States met in West Yellowstone, Montana, on behalf of the country's beleaguered fish and wildlife populations, and established the National Association of Game and Fish Wardens and Commissioners, which later became the International Association of Fish and Wildlife Agencies (IAFWA);

Whereas 100 years later, IAFWA represents the fish and wildlife agencies of all 50 States and enjoys the membership of several Federal natural resource agencies, the Federal and provincial fish and wildlife agencies of Canada, and the Federal natural resource agency of Mexico;

Whereas IAFWA has been a significant force in the enactment of fish and wildlife conservation treaties and Federal statutes too numerous to enumerate, including the Migratory Bird Treaty Act; the Pittman-Robertson Wildlife Restoration Act; the Dingell-Johnson Sportfish Restoration Act; all farm bills enacted since 1985; the North American Wetlands Conservation Act; the National Wildlife Refuge System Improvement Act of 1997, and the Fish and Wildlife Programs Improvement and National Wildlife Refuge System Centennial Act of 2000, to mention but a few;

Whereas IAFWA continues to promote the sustainable use of natural resources; to encourage cooperation and coordination of fish and wildlife conservation and management at all levels of government; to encourage professional management of fish and wildlife; to develop coalitions among conservation organizations to promote fish and wildlife interests; and to foster public understanding of the need for conservation; and

Whereas the State fish and wildlife agencies have successfully restored healthy fish and wildlife populations enjoyed by all Americans largely using Federal excise taxes paid by hunters and anglers into the Federal trust funds known as the Pittman-Robertson, Dingell-Johnson, and Wallop-Breaux trust funds, and using State hunting and fishing license fees: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the House of Representatives (the Senate concurring), That the Congress—

(1) recognizes the significance of the centennial of the establishment of the entity that became the International Association of Fish and Wildlife Agencies;

(2) acknowledges the outstanding contributions of its member agencies to fish and wildlife conservation; and

(3) requests the President to issue a proclamation observing the 100th anniversary of the founding of the International Association of Fish and Wildlife Agencies.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to the rule, the gentleman from Utah (Mr. HANSEN) and the gentleman from West Virginia (Mr. RAHALL) each will control 20 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Utah (Mr. HANSEN).

Mr. HANSEN. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

I am pleased to present this resolution, introduced by the gentleman from Alaska (Mr. YOUNG) and the gentleman from Michigan (Mr. DINGELL), which recognizes the International Association of Fish and Wildlife Agencies for the dedicated service that they have rendered over the past 100 years and the invaluable contributions they have made to fish and wildlife management.

On September 17, 1902, eight wildlife managers from six States met together in West Yellowstone, Montana, to form an organization which became known as the International Association of Fish and Wildlife Agencies. This month they will celebrate their 100th anniversary, and it is appropriate to reflect upon the fine work that our State fish and wildlife agencies perform on a daily basis. This organization has played a key role in conserving and managing thousands of fish and wildlife species and their essential habitats throughout the United States.

This resolution recognizes the importance of the centennial establishment of this organization, acknowledges the outstanding contributions of its member agencies to conservation, and requests the President to issue a proclamation commemorating its 100th anniversary.

This is a good resolution, it is bipartisan, it should be noncontroversial; and I urge its adoption.

Mr. Speaker, I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. RAHALL. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

I too rise in support of this concurrent resolution which recognizes the 100th anniversary of the establishment of the International Association of Fish and Wildlife Agencies. It is cosponsored by two very distinguished Members of this body, on our side of the aisle the dean of the House, the gentleman from Michigan (Mr. DINGELL), and on the majority side the former chairman of the Committee on Resources and the current chairman of the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure, the gentleman from Alaska (Mr. YOUNG). I commend these gentlemen for bringing this resolution before us, and I urge its support.

Mr. Speaker, I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. HANSEN. Mr. Speaker, I yield back the balance of my time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Utah (Mr. HANSEN) that the House suspend the rules and agree to the concurrent resolution, H. Con. Res. 419.

The question was taken; and (two-thirds having voted in favor thereof)

the rules were suspended and the concurrent resolution was agreed to.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

FREMONT-MADISON CONVEYANCE ACT

Mr. HANSEN. Mr. Speaker, I move to suspend the rules and pass the bill (H.R. 4708) to authorize the Secretary of the Interior to convey certain facilities to the Fremont-Madison Irrigation District, as amended.

The Clerk read as follows:

H.R. 4708

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

TITLE I—FREMONT-MADISON IRRIGATION FACILITIES CONVEYANCE

SEC. 101. SHORT TITLE.

This title may be cited as the "Fremont-Madison Conveyance Act".

SEC. 102. CONVEYANCE OF FACILITIES.

(a) CONVEYANCE REQUIREMENT.—The Secretary of the Interior shall convey to the Fremont-Madison Irrigation District, Idaho, as soon as practicable after the date of enactment of this Act and in accordance with all applicable law and pursuant to the terms of the memorandum of agreement between the District and the Secretary (Contract No. 1425-01-MA-10-3310). The Secretary shall include in the facilities conveyed under this section all right, title, and interest of the United States in and to the canals, laterals, drains, and other components of the water distribution and drainage system that is operated or maintained by the District for delivery of water to and drainage of water from lands within the boundaries of the District as they exist upon the date of enactment of this Act, consistent with section 107.

(b) REPORT.—If the Secretary has not completed any conveyance required under this title by September 13, 2003, the Secretary shall, by no later than that date, submit a report to the Congress explaining the reasons that conveyance has not been completed and stating the date by which the conveyance will be completed.

SEC. 103. COSTS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall require, as a condition of the conveyance under section 102, that the District pay the administrative costs of the conveyance and related activities, including the costs of any review required under the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.) as described in Contract No. 1425-01-MA-10-3310.

(b) VALUE OF FACILITIES TO BE TRANSFERRED.—In addition to subsection (a) the Secretary shall also require, as condition of the conveyance under section 102, that the District pay to the United States the lesser of the net present value of the remaining obligations owed by the District to the United States with respect to the facilities conveyed, or \$280,000. Amounts received by the United States under this subsection shall be deposited into the reclamation fund.

SEC. 104. TETON EXCHANGE WELLS.

(a) CONTRACTS AND PERMIT.—In conveying the Teton Exchange Wells under section 102, the Secretary shall also convey to the District—

(1) Idaho Department of Water Resources permit number 22-7022, including drilled wells under the permit, as described in Contract No. 1425-01-MA-10-3310; and

(2) all equipment appurtenant to such wells.

(b) EXTENSION OF WATER SERVICE CONTRACT.—The water service contract between